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INTEGRATED INFORMATION SUPPORT SYSTEM (IISS)
Volume VIII - User Interface Subsystem
Part 9 - Graph Definition Language Unit Test Plan

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### FOREWORD

This technical report covers work performed under Air Force Contract F33600-87-C-0423, DAPro Project. This contract is sponsored by the Manufacturing Technology Directorate, Air Force Systems Command, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio. It was administered under the technical direction of Mr. Bruce A. Rasmussen, Branch Chief, Manufacturing Technology Directorate, through Mr. David L. Judson, Project Manager. The Prime Contractor was Integration Technology Services, Software Programs Division, of the Control Data Corporation, Dayton, Ohio, under the direction of Mr. W. A. Osborne. The DAPro Project Manager for Control Data Corporation was Mr. J. P. Maxwell.

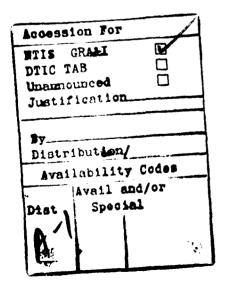
The DAPro project was created to continue the development, test, and demonstration of the Integrated Information Support System (IISS). The IISS technology work comprises enhancements to IISS software and the establishment and operation of IISS test bed hardware and communications for developers and users.

The following list names the Control Data Corporation subcontractors and their contributing activities:

SUBCONTRACTOR	ROLE
Control Data Corporation	Responsible for the overall Common Data Model design development and implementation, IISS integration and test, and technology transfer of IISS.
D. Appleton Company	Responsible for providing software information services for the Common Data Model and IDEF1X integration methodology.
ONTEK	Responsible for defining and testing a representative integrated system base in Artificial Intelligence techniques to establish fitness for use.
Simpact Corporation	Responsible for Communication development.
Structural Dynamics	Responsible for User Interfaces, Research Corporation Virtual . Terminal Interface, and Network Transaction Manager design, development, implementation, and support
Arizona State University	Responsible for test bed operations and support.

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### SECTION 1

#### GENERAL

#### 1.1 Purpose

This unit test plan establishes the methodology and procedures used to adequately test the capabilities of the computer programs identified collectively as the Graph Definition Language and known in this document as the GDL. The GDL is one configuration item of the Integrated Information Support System (IISS) User Interface (UI).

### 1.2 Project References

- [1] Systran, <u>ICAM Documentation Standards</u>, IDS150120000C, 15 September 1983.
- [2] General Electric Company, System Design Specification, 7 February 1983.
- [3] Structural Dynamics Research Corporation, Form Processor Development Specification, DS 620344200, 31 March 1988.
- [4] Structural Dynamics Research Corporation, Forms Language Compiler Development Specification, DS 620244401A, 16 Febryary 1987.
- [5] Structural Dynamics Research Corporation, <u>Graph</u>
  <u>Definition Language Development Specification</u>, DS
  620344220, 15 December 1987.

### 1.3 Terms and Abbreviations

Application Generator (AG): A subset of the IISS User Interface that consists of software modules that generate IISS application code and associated form definitions based on a language input. The part of the AG that generates report programs is called the Report Writer. The part of the AG that generates interactive applications is called the Rapid Application Generator.

Application Interface (AI): A subset of the IISS User Interface that consists of the callable routines that are linked with applications that use the Form Processor or Virtual Terminal. The AI enables applications to be hosted on computers other that the host of the User Interface.

Application Process (AP): A cohesive unit of software that can be initiated as a unit to perform some function or functions.

Attribute: A field characteristic such as blinking, highlighted, black, etc., and various other combinations. Background attributes are defined for some forms or windows only. Foreground attributes are defined for items. Attributes may be permanent, i.e., they remain the same unless changed by the application program, or they may be temporary, i.e., they remain in effect until the window is redisplayed.

Closed Figure: A figure is closed if the path traced by a moving point returns to its starting position. The starting position may be arbitrarily assigned. "Fillarea" is synonymous with "closed figure".

Complex Figure: A figure is complex if the path traced by a moving point crosses itself. An arbitrary point may be determined to be contained within the traced boundary if a line drawn to infinity crosses the boundary an odd number of times. If the number of crossings is zero or even, the point is outside the traced boundary.

Dependent Data: Data correlated to a dependent variable.

<u>Dependent Variable</u>: A mathematical variable whose value is determined by that of one or more other variables in a function.

Device Drivers (DD): Software modules written to handle I/O for a specific kind of terminal. The modules map terminal-specific commands and data to a neutral format. Device Drivers are part of the UI Virtual Terminal.

<u>Display List</u>: An internal Form Processor list that contains only those forms that have been added to the screen and are currently displayed on the screen, along with information on where those forms are used.

<u>Element:</u> A graphics line or other primitive composed of graphics lines, such as an arc.

<u>Field</u>: In reference to the Forms Processor, "field" refers to any object on the open or display list. These objects can be forms, items, windows, etc.

In reference to graphs, "field" refers to a collection of one or more graph figures. A graph field can be an axis, curve, pie chart, grid, etc.

Figure: A collection of elements. A figure may be closed or open.

Fillarea: A collection of elements. A fillarea must be closed. "Closed figure" is synonymous with "fillarea".

Form: A structured view which may be imposed on windows or other forms. A form is composed of fields. These fields may be defined as forms, items, windows, prompts, non-graphics lines, and graphics.

Forms Definition Language (FDL): The language in which electronic forms are defined.

Forms Driven Form Editor (FDFE): A subset of the Form Editor which consists of a forms-driven application used to create and/or modify Form Definition files interactively.

Form Editor (FE): A subset of the IISS User Interface that is used to create definitions of forms. The FE consists of the Forms Driven Form Editor (FDFE) and the Forms Language Compiler (FLAN).

Form Hierarchy: A graphic representation of the way in which fields are related to their parent form.

Forms Language Compiler (FLAN): A subset of the Form Editor that consists of a batch process that accepts a series of Forms Definition Language (FDL) statements and produces form defintion files as output.

Form Processor (FP): A subset of the IISS User Interface that consists of a set of callable execution-time routines available to an application program for form processing.

Graph: A picture correlated with data that alters as the data changes; by necessity, this is a dynamic (not pre-defined) picture. A graph may be imposed on windows or forms.

Graph Defintion Language (GDL): An extension of the Forms Definition Language (FDL) which is used to define business graphs such as pie charts, X-Y plots, and bar charts.

Graph Figure: A collection of graphics primitives. The primitives can be circles, lines, arcs, etc.

Graphics Kernal System (GKS): A 2-dimensional graphics standard which is defined independently of any programming language.

Icon: A collection of figures and points that is
pre-defined. An icon may be imposed on windows or forms.
"Icon" is synonymous with "picture".

Independent Data: Data that is correlated to an independent variable.

Independent Variable: A mathematical variable whose value is specified first and determines the value of one or more other values in an expression or function. For example, in a business graph of sales versus month, month is the independent variable and sales is the dependent variable, because sales varies by month.

Integrated Information Support System (IISS): A test computing environment used to investigate, demonstrate, and test the concepts of information management and information integration in the context of Aerospace Manufacturing. The IISS addresses the problems of integration of data resident on heterogeneous data bases supported by heterogeneous computers interconnected via a Local Area Network (LAN).

Item: A non-decomposable area of a form in which hard-coded descriptive text may be placed and the only defined area where user data may be input/output.

Local Area Network (LAN): A privately owned network that offers reliable, high-speed communitations channels optimized for connecting information processing equipment in a limited geographic area.

Message: Descriptive text which may be returned in the standard message line on the terminal screen. They are used to warn of errors or to provide other user information.

Message Line: A line on the terminal screen that is used to display messages.

Open Figure: A figure is open if the path traced by a moving point does not return to its starting position. The starting position may be arbitrarily assigned. "Polyline" is synonymous with "open figure".

Open List: An internal Form Processor list that contains all forms that the application has opened for use along with information on where the form is used.

Operating System (OS): Software supplied with a computer which allows it to supervise its own operations and manage access to hardware facilities such as memory and peripherals.

<u>Page</u>: An instance of a form in a window that is created whenever a form is added to a window.

Physical Device: A hardware terminal.

<u>Picture</u>: A collection of figures and points that is pre-defined. A picture may be imposed on a window or a form. "Picture" is synonymous with "icon".

<u>Picture Definition Language (PDL)</u>: An extension of the Forms Definition Language (FDL) which allows the definition of any graphics picture.

<u>Point</u>: A marker or a symbol.

Polyline: A collection of elements. A polyline must be an open figure. "Open figure" is synonymous with "polyline".

Primitive: The smallest unit of graphic detail. A graphic
primitive can be a line, point, arc, etc.

Qualified Name: The name of a field preceded by the hierarchy path so that it is uniquely identified.

Report Writer (RW): Part of the Application Generator (AG) that generates source code for report programs based on a language input.

Subform: A form that is used within another form.

Text Editor (TE): A subset of the IISS User Interface that consists of a file editor that is based on the text editing functions built into the Form Processor (FP).

User Data: Data which is either input by the user or output by the application programs to items.

User Interface (UI): A subsystem of IISS that controls the user's terminal and interfaces with the rest of the subsystem. The UI consists of two major subsystems: the User Interface Development System (UIDS) and the User Interface Management System (UIMS).

User Interface Development System (UIDS): A collection of IISS User Interface subsystems that is used by application programmers as they develop IISS applications. The UIDS includes the Form Editor (FE) and the Application Generator (AG).

User Interface Management System (UIMS: The run-time UI. It consists of the Form Processor (FP), Virtual Terminal (VT), Application Interface (AI), the User Interface Services (UIS), and the Text Editor (TE).

User Interface Services (UIS): A subset of the IISS User Interface that consists of a package of routines that aids users in controlling their environment. It includes message management, change password, and application definition services.

<u>User Interface/Virtual Terminal Interface (UI/VTI)</u>: Another name for the User Interface.

Window: A dynamic area of a terminal screen on which pre-defined forms may be placed at run-time.

<u>Window Manager:</u> A facility which allows the following to be manipulated: size and location of windows, the device on which an application is running, the position of a form within a window. It is part of the Form Processor (FP).

### SECTION 2

### DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY

## 2.1 Statement of Pretest Activity

During system development, the computer programs were tested progressively. Functionality was incrementally tested and, as bugs were discovered by this testing, the software was corrected.

Each form used in the UTP for business graphs was tested individually. This testing was conducted by the individual program developer in a manual mode. The developer manually entered data onto the screen and observed the results. Any errors were noted by the developer and corrections to the program were then made after the testing session.

## 2.2 Pretest Activity Results

Testing of the graph forms used in the UTP uncovered a few minor bugs which were then corrected and retested successfully. Testing included exceptional conditions and error conditions for data entered on the forms.

#### SECTION 3

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## 3.1 System Description

The GDL does not interface directly with end users as an application, rather the Graph Definition Language (GDL) is an extension to the Forms Definition Language (FDL) which enables the definition of graphs through the User Interface software. Physical terminals are assumed to have both video display and graphics, a textual keyboard, four cursor positioning keys or key sequences, a help key or key sequence, a message key, an entry key, and a quit key. The GDL must interface with the following software tools: the Forms Processor (FP), the Forms Compiler (FLAN), C language runtime routines, and the Application Generator (AG). They are used to create or modify FDL files and to create new FD files and finally to display these FD files at run time.

This section describes the interfaces within the graphics software. In the following figures, GI stands for graphics interface, GKS is the graphics software which builds the internal data structures, GKS2 is the actual graphics software, and AI is the application interface. The AI routines are the calls to the UI which specify the actions to be performed. The FP, GI, GKS, and GKS2 systems perform the required actions. For graphics, clipping is performed in the VTI. Existing graphics applications written using the Fortran GKS binding will be able to call the comparable routines in the GKS subsystem. It should be noted that if the Graph Definition Language is used, the application will not normally be using the Graph or Picture AI routines.

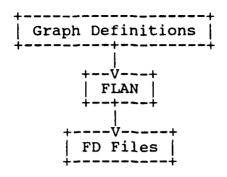


Figure 3-1 Compilation of Graph Definition

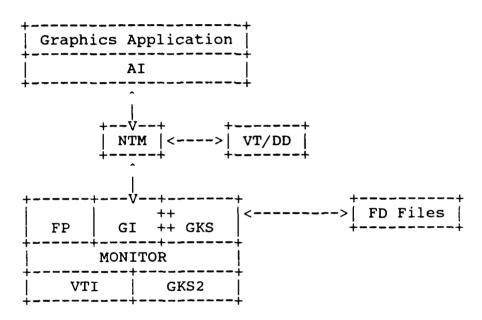


Figure 3-2 Application Environment in IISS

### 3.2 Testing Schedule

The production of business graphs is dependent upon the NTM subsystem of IISS, so testing of the graph capability of the Form Processor should be performed after the NTM has been successfully tested. Within the UI subsystem, this capability is part of the FP, VT, and FLAN, and therefore, there are no other restrictions.

## 3.3 First Location Testing

These tests of the business graphs capability of the Form Processor require the following:

Equipment:

IISS VAX, Tektonix model 4100 or 4200 series terminal supported by the VT as listed in the UI Terminal Operator Guide. The terminal should have certain characteristics set. The tester should press the setup key and type the following:

> code ansi dal 30

bypass 00 flagging in/out eol /~<CR>/

The above may be saved in nonvolatile memory by typing NSAVE. To exit setup mode, press the setup key again .

Support Software: The Integrated Information Support System; C run-time libraries.

Personnel: One integrator familiar with the UIMS.

Training: FP manuals have been previously provided with the past release.

Deliverables: The GDL subsystem of the UI.

Test Materials: This test uses the test programs GRFTST and GRAFDE and the forms defined in GRFTEST.FDL. Appendix C explains how to create the

executables for these programs

Security Considerations: None.

## 3.4 Subsequent Location Testing

The requirements as listed above need to be met. Since the test consists of a routine that issues the Form Processor calls necessary to supply the data and display the graphical forms, there will be no differences in how testing should occur unless the tester wishes to script. Scripting is discussed in Section 5.

### SECTION 4

#### TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND EVALUATIONS

## 4.1 Test Specification

The following functionality of the GDL is demonstrated by the test outlined in section 5:

### List of Functions

#### GRAPH DEFINITION

- bar 1.
- 2.
- pie line 3.
- 4. independent axis
- independent data 5.

### ATTRIBUTE DEFINITION

- color 6.
- 7. font
- 8. size
- 9. upvector
- 10. line width
- line type 11.
- 12. symbol
- 13. symbol frequency

### DATA LOCATION

- 14. constant list
- 15. path list

### CURVE DEFINITION

- 16. absolute display
- additive display 17.
- 18. dependent axis
- 19. independent data
- 20. shading
- 21. monochromatic shading
- 22. display
- 23. monochromatic display
- legend label 24.

#### LEGEND

- 25. enclosed
- 26. not enclosed
- 27. horizontal
- 28. vertical

### PIE SEGMENT

- explosion 29.
- 30. shading
- 31. monochromatic shading
- legend label 32.
- 33. label
- inside percent label 34.
- outside percent label 35.
- inside quantity label 36.
- outside quantity label 37.

### AXIS DEFINITION

- 38. length
- 39. log scale
- 40. linear scale
- 41. grid lines
- 42. fine grid lines
- 43. horizontal
- vertical 44.
- 45. location
- 46. label
- 47. maximum limit
- 48. minimum limit
- 49. minor tick marks
- 50. major tick marks by step 51. major tick marks by number 52. major tick mark labels

### AUTOMATIC GENERATION

- 53. independent axis
- 54. dependent axis
- 55. tick marks
- 56. axis length
- 57. minimum axis value
- 58. maximum axis value
- 59. tick mark labels
- 60. legend labels
- 61. pie segments
- pie segment percent label 62.
- automatic layout 63.

## Dynamic Creation and Alteration of Graph Definitions

## GENERAL GRAPH DEFINITION

- 64. define a graph
- 65. define a graph location
- 66. delete graph
- 67. add graph label
- 68. remove graph labels
- 69. add where data is located clause
- 70. add a constant list of data
- 71. define an attribute bundle
- 72. delete an attribute bundle
- 73. define a graphics clipping window
- 74. define the graph extent within the window
- 75. add an independent axis
- 76. legend label
- 77. delete where data is located clause

#### LEGEND DEFINITION

- 78. add legend
- 79. delete legend

#### PIE DEFINITION

- 80. pie segment definition
- 81. delete pie segment labels
- 82. percent or quantity label to segment
- 83. pie segment label
- 84. delete pie segment

#### CURVE DEFINITION

- 85. define a curve
- 86. delete a curve

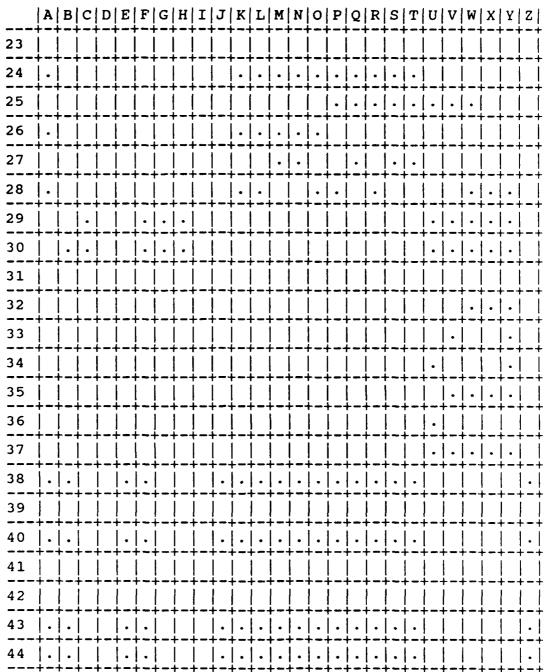
#### AXIS DEFINITION

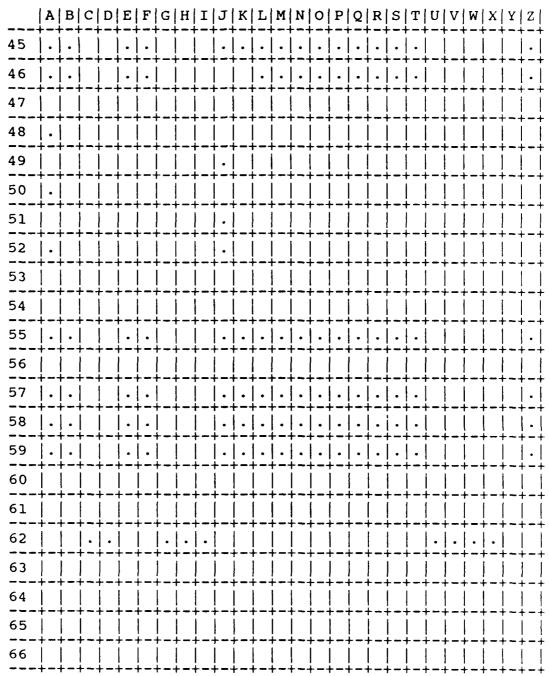
- 87. delete tick mark labels
- 88. delete axis labels
- 89. delete axis definition
- 90. define maximum and minimum values on axis
- 91. location of axis
- 92. add tick mark labels
- 93. add axis labels
- 94. define an axis
- 95. add tick marks

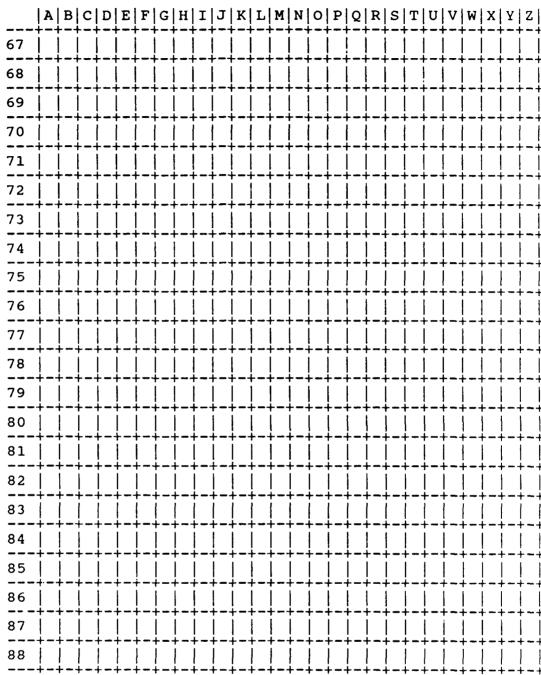
- 96. polyline clipping97. fillarea clipping
- 98. text clipping

Tables 4-1 and 4-2 show the direct correspondence between the test graphs and the functional requirements as listed in this section. These functions directly correspond to the detailed functional requirements of the Graph Definition Language Development Specification. The '.' indicates the tests for the functionality implemented in the current release. The '\*' indicates functionality not yet implemented.

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13	-+-	+-	<b>+-</b> :	+ <del>-</del> -	<b>+ -</b> -	<b>+ -</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> -	 	 	<b></b> -	<b></b> -	 	 	 	<b>-</b> -	 	<b>-</b> -		 		<b>+ -</b> -	<b></b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> - 	<b> </b>	+ 
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15	-+-	-	-	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	•			·	• <b>-</b> -	•	•			• <del>-</del> -		+ <b>-</b> -		•
16	-+-  .	-	+-	<b>+-</b> ·	•	•	<b>+ -</b> ·	<b></b> -	+ <b>-</b> -	•		•			† <b>-</b> -		•	•	   •	+ <del>-</del> -   •	+ <b>-</b> -	<b>  -</b>	<b>  -</b> -	<b>+ -</b> -	 	+   .
17	-+-	-+ <b>-</b>	<b>+-</b>	<b>+ -</b> ·	+ <b>-</b> ·		<del>-</del>	<b></b> -	+ <b>-</b> ·	•	•	•	• <del>-</del> -	•			<b>-</b> -	•	•		+ <b>-</b> -	<b>+ -</b> ·	+ <b>-</b> -	<b>+ -</b> -	<b>-</b> -	+ <del>- +</del>   •
18	-+-  .	.	+-	<b>+ -</b> -	•	•	<b>+ -</b> -	<b></b> -	+ <b>-</b> -	•	•			•			•	•	•	+ <b>-</b> -   •	+ <b>-</b> -	+ <b>-</b> -	+ <del>-</del> -	+ <b>-</b> -	 	<del>- +</del>
19	-+-	-+ <b>-</b>	+-	+ - · 	<del>  -</del> -	<del>  -</del> -	+ - · 	+ <b>-</b> -	 	<b>+ -</b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 		+ <b>-</b> - 	<b>+ -</b> -	<b>+ -</b> -	+ 	<del></del> -	 	<b>-</b> -	+ <b>-</b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 	 	+ <b>-</b> -	+ <b>-</b> -	<b></b> -	+ 
20	-+-	+-	+-	<b>+-</b> :	<b>+-</b> -	+ <b>-</b> ·	+ - · 	<b>+ -</b>   	+ <b>-</b> -	+ <b>-</b> ·	+ <del>-</del> - 	+ <del>-</del> - 	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> -	<b>+ -</b> -	+ <b>-</b> -	<b>-</b> -	<b></b> -	 	<b>+ -</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> -   	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> - 	<b>-</b> +
21	-+-	- <b>+-</b>	+-	<b>+ -</b> -	<b>+ -</b> -	<b>+ -</b> ·	<b>+ -</b> -	<b>+ -</b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <del>-</del> -	<b>+ -</b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> -	+ <b>-</b>	+ <b>-</b> - 	 	 	<del>-</del> -	+ <del>-</del> - 	+ <b>-</b> -	<b>+ -</b> ·	+ <del></del> -	<b>+ -</b> -	<b>+-</b> -	+ 
22	-+-	+-	+-	<b>+-</b> -	+ <b>-</b> ·	<b>+ -</b> ·	<b>+ -</b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> · 	+ <b>-</b> - 	<b>+ -</b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> ·	<b>+ -</b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 	 	<b></b> -	+ <b>-</b> - 	+ <b>-</b> -	+ <del>-</del> - 	<b>+ -</b> -	+ <b>-</b> -	+ <b>-</b> -	<b>+ -</b> -	- <del>- +</del>
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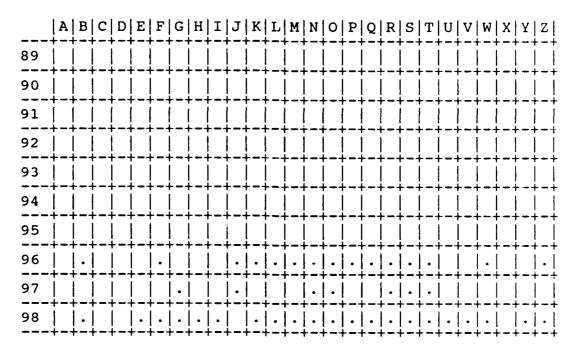


Table 4-1 Matrix Mapping GDL Functions to Test Graphs

	AA	вв	cc	DD	EE	FF	GG		
1			•						
2		·			•				
3				•			٠		
4							·		
5			٠						[
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7								*	-
8					   			*	
9	 	   						*	
10	<u> </u>				 	 		*	į
11	<u> </u>	 	 					*	į
12	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 		 		*	į
13	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	 		*	İ
14	į .	<u> </u>				-		 	į
15	į .								
16	<u> </u>	<u> </u>							į
17		 							
18									إ
19								*	
20						   	   		Ţ 
21			,					*	
22		 	   	   	 	 	•		+

	AA	ВВ	СС	DD	EE	FF	GG	
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24			•	•		•	•	
25								
26			٠				•	
27								
28							•	
29								
30	Í				•	- <b>-</b> -	,   	
31								
32								
33	 				•			
34	 + <b>-</b>		 					
35	 				,   			
36	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
37	<u> </u>							
38						•		
39		 			,			*
40		<u> </u>						
41		ļ						
42		   	   	,   		,	   	
43		   				,   		, - <b>-</b> +
44								

	AA	вв	CC	DD	EE	FF	GG	
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46			•	٠				
47								
48								
49								
50								
51							•	
52								
53								*
54								*
55		 						
56	<u> </u>				 	 	<u> </u>	*
57	<u>.</u>						<u> </u>	
58		<u> </u>						
59								
60	<u>.</u>							
61								*
62								
63			,   			·		*
64							   	*
65								*
66		,   + <b></b> -	   	·     ·	   		   	*    *

	AA	вв	cc	DD	EE	FF	GG	
67								*
68								*
69								*
70								*
71								*
72								*
73								*
74								*
75								*
76								*
77								*
78								*
79								*
80								*
81					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>*</b>
82	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	*
83	<u> </u>						<u> </u>	<u> </u> *
84		ļ						*
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87		Ĭ 						*
88						 		*
Continued o	n n	ext	pa	ge	,	,	,	1

	AA	вв	cc	DD	EE	FF	GG	
89					- <del></del> -			*
90						<b></b> -		*
91		 !				- <del></del> -		*
92			<b></b> -					*
93					<b></b> -	<b></b> -		*
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96								
97	<u> </u>						   	
98	   	 	   	   	   		 	+

Table 4-2 Matrix Mapping GDL Functions to Test Graphs

The test activities labeled A through GG map to the figures in Appendices A and B as follows:

- A Figure A-1
- B Figure A-2
- C Figure A-3
- D Figure A-4
- E Figure A-5
- F Figure A-6
- G Figure A-7
- H Figure A-8
- I Figure A-9
- J Figure A-10
- K Figure A-11
- L Figure A-12
- M Figure A-13
- N Figure A-14
- O Figure A-15
- P Figure A-16
- Q Figure A-17 R - Figure A-18
- S Figure A-19

T - Figure A-20
U - Figure A-21
V - Figure A-22
W - Figure A-23
X - Figure A-24
Y - Figure A-25
Z - Figure A-26
AA - Figure A-27
BB - Figure B-1
CC - Figure B-2
DD - Figure B-3
EE - Figure B-4
FF - Figure B-5
GG - Figure B-6

## 4.2 Testing Methods and Constraints

The testing as outlined in Section 5 must be followed. The required input is stated for each test. This testing tests the normal mode of operation of these functions and does not completely exercise all the error combinations that a user of GDL might create by faulty definitions of the graph. These tests have been done, however, through the normal testing done by the developer of these functions. IISSULIB and IISSSLIB should point to the default directory. No additional constraints are placed on this unit test besides those listed in sections 3.2 and 3.3 of this unit test plan.

## 4.3 <u>Test Progression</u>

The progression of testing of the GDL is fully outlined in Section 5 of this unit test plan. This progression should be followed exactly to insure the successful testing of this IISS configuration item.

### 4.4 Test Evaluation

The test results are evaluated be comparing the information returned on the various output screens with that specified as successful for the given test. As outlined in section 5, each test of GDL functionality provides a screen with the output for a successful test. The data necessary for input is done automatically before the output screen. The only differences found should be the date and time stamps on the IISS Function Screen (Figure 5-3) and the first test output screen (Figure A-1).

#### SECTION 5

#### TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND EVALUATIONS

#### 5.1 Test Description

Two test programs are used to test the GDL. The test program GRFTST uses explicit FP calls to place the form within a window, place data within the form fields where the graph data is to be located, display the graph form, and remove the graph form from the window. Since the program issues the data using data from internal arrays, no data entry is required by the tester.

The test program GRAFDE is an interactive application that is generated using the Rapid Application Generator. GRAFDE represents user entered data as a pie, bar, or line graph.

### 5.2 Test Control

As outlined, this unit test is a manual test which may be done by anyone. The required input data for each function being tested, the resulting successful output and the order of the testing are completely specified below. Accurate observation of the resulting successful output must be made to ensure the unit test was done properly.

## 5.3 Test Procedures

To run the unit test plan in the VAX/VMS environment as outlined below, one must be logged onto an IISS account. The NTM must be up and running and the UI logical names IISSFLIB, IISSULIB, IISSSLIB, and IISSMLIB must be set properly at the group level. IISSFLIB points to the directory containing system form definitions (FD files). IISSULIB points to the directory containing the user's form definitions (FD files). IISSSLIB points to the directory containing the user's form definition source files (FDL files). IISSMLIB points to the directory containing the UI error and help messages (MSG files). To perform this test IISSULIB and IISSSLIB must be pointing to the default directory.

Assuming the NTM is up and running, an IISS user may start this test as follows:

\$ SET DEF <to directory containing NTM environment>
\$ TEK4100

These commands start up the TEK4100 device driver.

## 5.3.1 Access to GDL Test Programs

Following entry of the system command "TEK4100" which activates the User Interface the following form appears:

	L		
	USER ID:		
	PASSWORD:		
	ROLE:		
ļ			
9			
	Msg: 0	applcation	

Figure 5-1 IISS Logon Screen

- (1) USER ID is the identification name of the user, and is 1 to 10 alpha-numeric characters. USER ID is input as "MORENC".
- (2) PASSWORD must be the password associated with the USER ID, and is 1 to 10 alpha-numeric characters. PASSWORD was input as "STANLEY".

(3) ROLE is any of the identifiers which are associated with the USER ID, and is 1 to 10 alpha-numeric characters. It will be checked against functions and applications which are selected by the user. ROLE is input as "MANAGER".

When this form is correctly completed and the <ENTER> key is pressed, the IISS Function Screen is displayed.

		+
IISS	TEST BED VERSION 2.3	
DATE://	TIME_:_:_ USER ID: ROLE:	-
FUNCTION:	DEVICE TYPE: DEVICE NAME:	
Msg: 0	applcation	ו

Figure 5-2 IISS Function Screen

When this form appears, the cursor is located in the input field labeled FUNCTION. The items in the form are summarized below:

- (1) DATE contains the current date. This may not be changed by the user.
- (2) TIME contains the current time. This may not be changed by the user.

- (3) USER ID is the user's identification that was entered in the previous form. This may not be changed by the user.
- (4) ROLE is the currently active role and was entered in the previous form. This may be changed at any time.
- (5) FUNCTION is the function the user desires to activate.

To run the GDL test programs, proceed as described in the following sections.

### 5.3.2 Running the GRFTST Program

To run the GRFTST program, enter "GRFTST" in the FUNCTION field on the IISS Function Screen and press the <ENTER> key. This program produces the 27 graphs shown in Appendix A. Test Graph A is displayed when the program begins. Each succeeding graph is displayed by repeatedly pressing the <ENTER> key. Before proceeding to the next graph, the graph displayed on the terminal screen should be compared with the corresponding graph in Appendix A. When all 27 graphs have been displayed and compared, a final press of the <ENTER> key terminates the program and redisplays the IISS Function Screen.

# 5.3.3 Running the GRAFDE Program

To run the GRAFDE program, enter "GRAFDE" in the FUNCTION field on the IISS Function Screen and press the <ENTER> key. The following screen is displayed.

Scrap: Misc:  Enter data and press (PP5) - Pie , (PF6) - Bar, (PF7) - Line						
Cut.Yr. Cur.Yr1 Cur.Yr2 Cur.Yr3  Rework: Scrap: Nisc:  Enter data and press (PPS) - Pie , (PF6) - Bar, (PF7) - Line						
Revork: Scrap: Misc:  Enter data and press <pf5> - Pie , <pf6> - Bar, <pf7> - Line </pf7></pf6></pf5>					TIME: 11:4	66:50
Scrap: Misc:  Enter data and press (PP5) - Pie , (PF6) - Bar, (PF7) - Line  ***	Cut.Yr.	Cur.Yr1	Cut.Yr2	Cur.Yr3		j
Misc :  Enter data and press (PP5) - Pie , (PF6) - Bar, (PF7) - Line	Revork:			Γ		i
Misc :  Enter data and press (PP5) - Pie , (PF6) - Bar, (PF7) - Line	Scrap :	} }	1 1	<b>!</b>		
Enter data and press (PP5) - Pie , (PF6) - Bar, (PF7) - Line		1 1	1 1	1 1		Į.
		·				
	Enter data and pres	s (PPS) - P	ie . <pf6> .</pf6>	- Bar, <pf7> -</pf7>	Line	\
MSG: 0 application	Zittet dette zine pro-			•		1
MSG: 0 applcation						1
MSG: 0 applcation						1
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	MSG: 0					appication

Figure 5-3 Initial GRAFDE Screen

Enter the data as shown in Figure 5-4 and press the appropriate function key to produce the desired graph as described in Table 5-1.

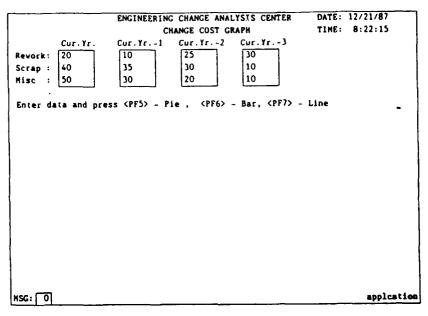


Figure 5-4 Test Data for GRAFDE

A total of six separate screens may be presented using the data. To display the appropriate graph, press the indicated function key.

	APPENDIX FIGURE	DESCRIPTION
5	B-1	Pie chart with percentages outside
6	B-2	Horizontal bar chart
7	B-3	Line graph
9	B-4	Pie chart with percentages inside and
		labels
10	B-5	Vertical bar chart
11	B-6	Line chart with area under curves
		shaded
4		Quit application

Table 5-1 PFKEY and Figure Correlation

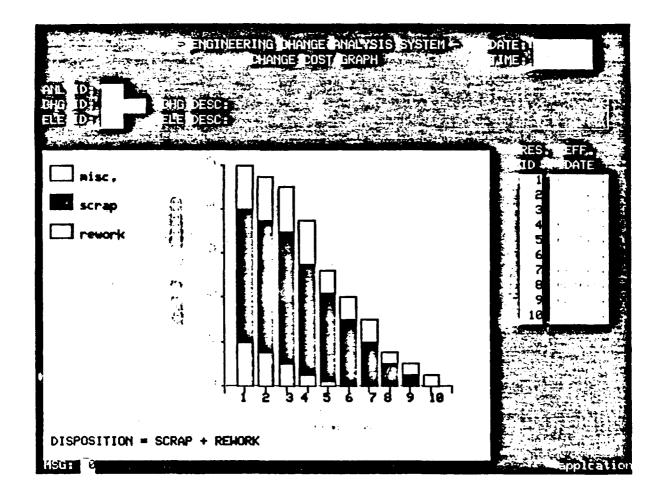
The screens displayed should be compared with the indicated graph figures in Appendix B. Only the time/date stamps should differ.

## APPENDIX A

## SCREENS AND GDL FOR GRFTST

This appendix contains all the screens for the first test of the Graph Definition Language. The necessary FDL follows the screens.

Figure A-1 and corresponding GDL



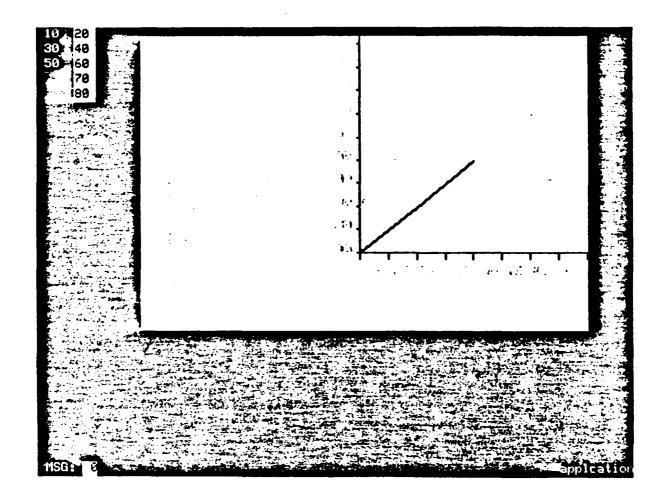
```
create form grftst1
     size 80 by 30
     prompt at 2 20 "- ENGINEERING CHANGE ANALYSIS SYSTEM -"
     prompt at 3 30 "CHANGE COST GRAPH"
     attribute out (background white, display blue, guarded,
       nowrite)
     attribute out2 (background blue, display yellow, guarded)
     attribute out3 (background red, display black, guarded)
     attribute nosee (quarded, hidden)
item curdat
     at 2 68
     size 8
     prompt at 2 62 "DATE:"
     value '. date'
     display as out
item curtim
     at 3 68
     size 8
     prompt at 3 62 "TIME:"
     value '._time' display as out
item anlid
     at 5 10
     size 3
     prompt at 5 2 "ANL ID:"
     display as out2
item chqid
     at 6 10
     size 6
     prompt at 6 2 "CHG ID:"
     display as out2
item chgdsc
     at 6 28
     size 50
     prompt at 6 18 "CHG DESC:"
     display as out3
item eleid
     at 7 10
     size 3
     prompt at 7 2 "ELE ID:"
     display as out2
```

```
item eledsc
      at 7 28
      size 50
      prompt at 7 18 "ELE DESC:"
      display as out3
graph cstgrf
      at 9 2
      display as blue
      size 60 by 21
form csttab
      at 9 65
      display as black
      size 16 by 21
create bar graph cstgrf
      using ('csttab.ids' axis ax1)
attribute a line (display yellow)
attribute b prompt (display white)
attribute c prompt (display green)
attribute d prompt (display red)
legend at 2 2
      label display as d, at 20 2 "DISPOSITION = SCRAP + REWORK"
curve rework
       'csttab.rewcst' using axis ax2
      legend c "rework"
      absolute
curve misc
       'csttab.msccst'
      additive using curve scrap
      legend c "misc."
curve scrap
       'csttab.scrcst'
      additive using curve rework
      legend c "scrap"
```

```
axis axl
     horizontal
     display as a
     at 16 25
     min 0
     size 30
label b "
     label b " result id" tick every 1 d " " "1" "2" "3" "4" "5" "6" "7" "8" "9" "10"
axis ax2
     at 16 25
     size 15
     label b "
                       cost $ "
     vertical
     min 0
     display as a
create form csttab
     prompt at 1 2 "RES."
     prompt at 2 2 "ID"
     prompt at 1 8 "EFF."
     prompt at 2 8 "DATE"
     attribute hid (hidden, guarded)
item dates (10 v 0)
     size 8
     at 3 6
     display as magenta
item ids (10 v 0)
     size 3
     at 3 2
     domain (numeric)
     display as cyan
item msccst (10 v 0)
     size 6
     at 3 15
     display as hid
domain (numeric)
item scrcst (9 v 0)
     at 3 35
     domain (numeric)
     display as hid
     size 6
```

item rewcst (5 v 0)
at 3 45
size 6
domain (numeric)
display as hid

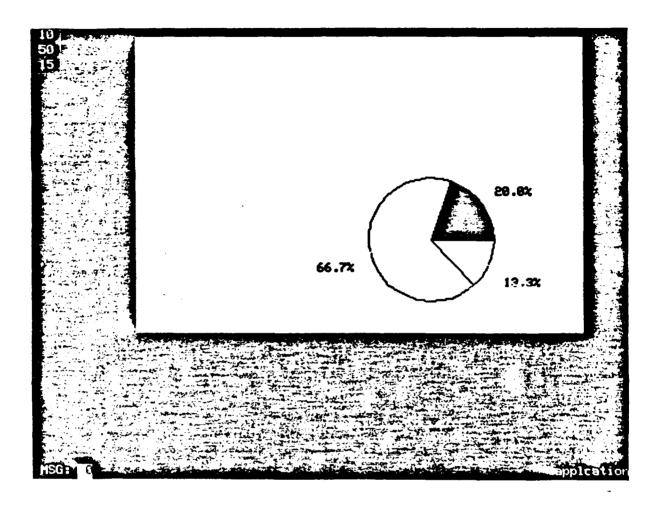
Figure A-2 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst2
       size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
       display as red
       at 1 2
       size 3
       domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
       display as yellow
       at 1 6
       size 3
       domain (numeric)
graph grf1
       at 1 15
       size 60 by 20
       display as blue
create line graph grf1
       using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
       attribute xy prompt (display yellow)
attribute x line (display yellow)
attribute c prompt (display white)
attribute d line (display green)
       background blue
curve aaa
        'grftst2.i1' using axis ax2
       absolute
curve two
        'grftst2.i2'
       additive using curve aaa
axis ax1
       horizontal
       display as x at 15 30
       size 30
```

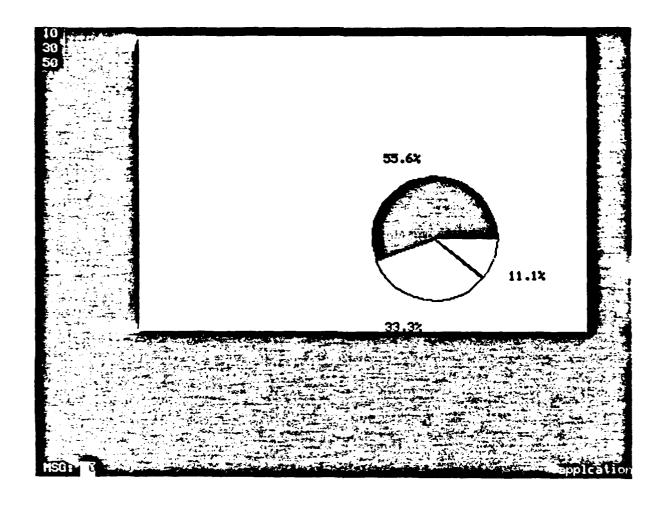
axis ax2 at 15 30 size 15 vertical display as x

Figure A-3 and corresponding GDL



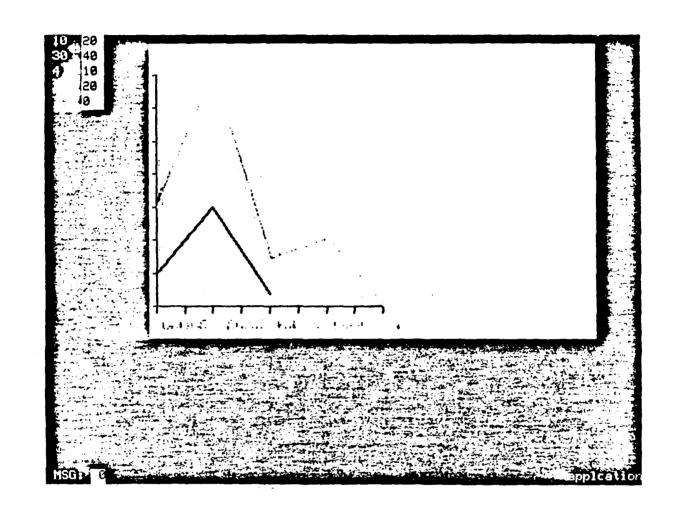
```
create form grftst3
      size 80 by 30
form fgrf (3 v 0) at 1 1
      size 5 by 1
graph grf2
at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create pie graph grf2 at 10 30
      size 20 by 8
using ('grftst3.fgrf(*).il')
pie 1
      shade color red
pie 2
      shade color magenta
pie 3
      shade color white
create form fgrf
item il
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
```

Figure A-4 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst4
size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red at 1 2 size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf3
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create pie graph grf3 at 10 30
      size 20 by 8 using ('grftst4.i1')
pie 1
       shade color red
pie 2
       shade color magenta
       explode 2
pie 3
       shade color white
```

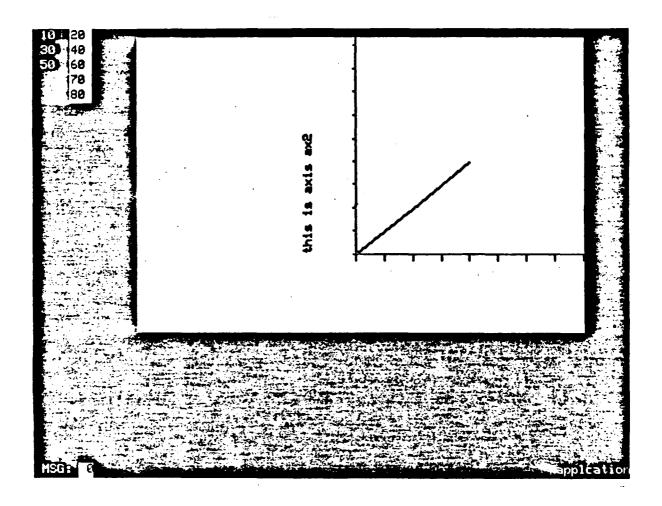
Figure A-5 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst5
      size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf4
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create line graph grf4
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      background blue
curve aaa
       'grftst5.il' using axis ax2
       absolute
curve two
       'qrftst5.i2'
       additive using curve aaa
axis ax1
       horizontal
       display as x
       at 18 2
       size 30
       label c "this is a label"
```

axis ax2
at 18 2
size 15
label c "this is a label"
vertical
display as x

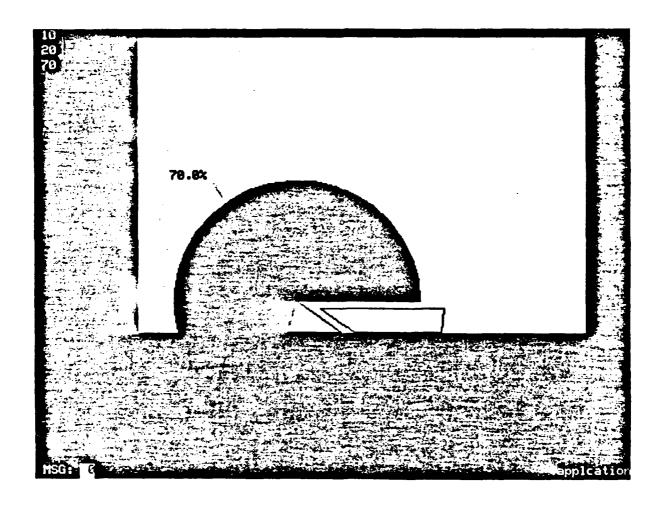
Figure A-6 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst6
      size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf5
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
      display as blue
create line graph grf5
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      background blue
curve aaa
       'grftst6.il' using axis ax2
      absolute
curve two
       'grftst6.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
axis axl
      horizontal
      display as x
label c "this is axis ax1"
      at 15 30
      size 30
```

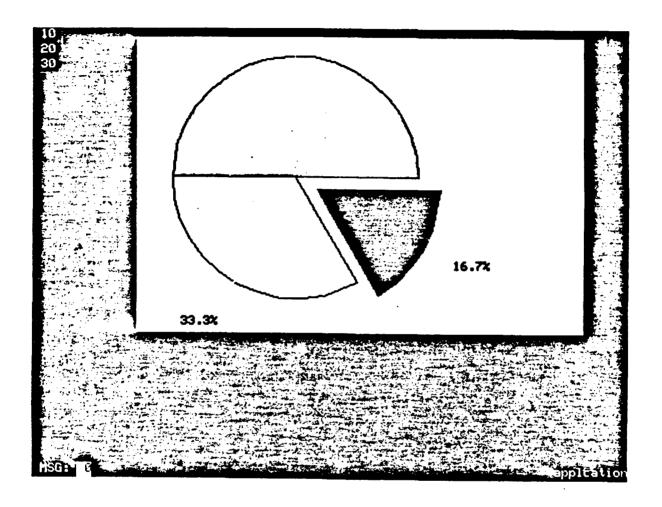
axis ax2
at 15 30
size 15
vertical
display as x
label xy "this is axis ax2"

Figure A-7 and corresponding GDL



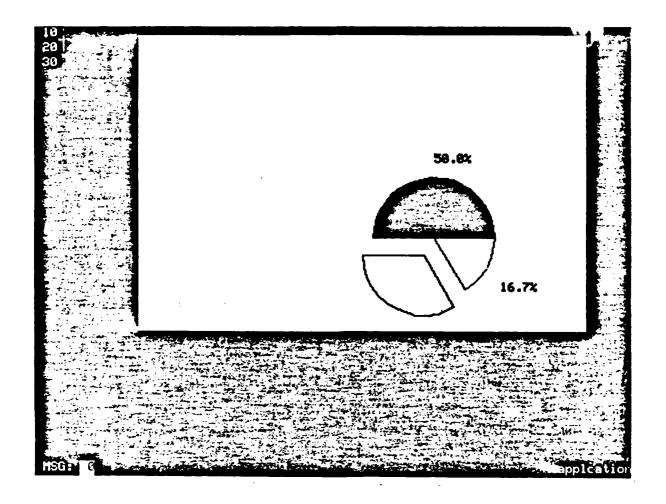
```
create form grftst7
      size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red
at 1 2
size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf6
at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create pie graph grf6 at 10 2
      size 40 by 16 using ('grftst7.i1')
pie 1
      shade color red
pie 2
      shade color magenta
pie 3
      shade color white
      explode 20
```

Figure A-8 and corresponding GDL



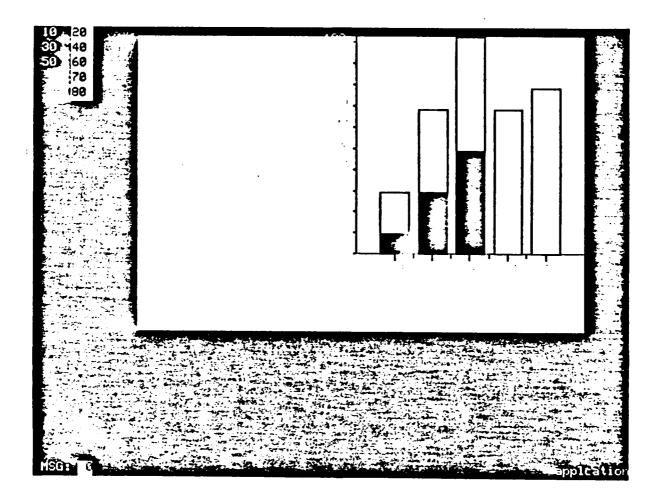
```
create form grftst8 size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ V \ 0)
      display as red at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf7
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create pie graph grf7 at 2 2
      size 40 by 16
      using ('grftst8.il')
pie 1
      shade color yellow
pie 2
      shade color white
pie 3
      shade color red
      explode 20
```

Figure A-9 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst9
size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf8
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create pie graph grf8 at 10 30
      size 20 by 8 using ('grftst9.i1')
pie 1
      shade color red
pie 2
      shade color magenta
      explode 35
pie 3
      shade color white
```

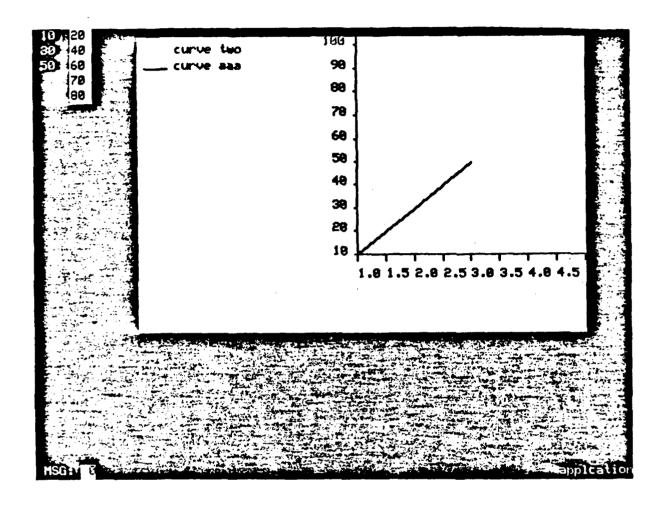
Figure A-10 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst10
      size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ v \ 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf9
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create bar graph grf9
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      background blue
curve aaa
       'grftst10.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
curve two
       'grftst10.i2'
       additive using curve aaa
axis ax1
      horizontal
      display as x
       at 15 30
      tick 5 1 c "A" "B" "C"
       size 30
```

axis ax2 at 15 30 size 15 vertical display as x

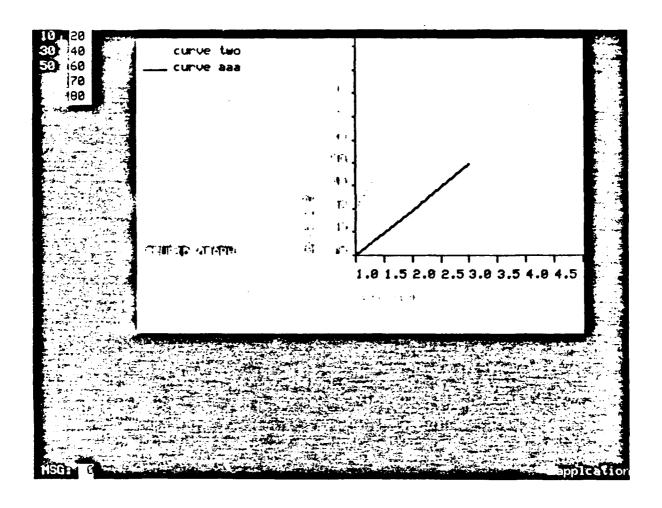
Figure A-11 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftstll
      size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 \ v \ 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf10
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
      display as blue
create line graph grf10
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      legend at 2 2
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftstll.il' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
       'grftst11.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      legend xy "curve two"
axis ax1
      horizontal
      display as x
      at 15 30
      size 30
```

axis ax2
at 15 30
size 15
vertical
display as x

Figure A-12 and corresponding GDL

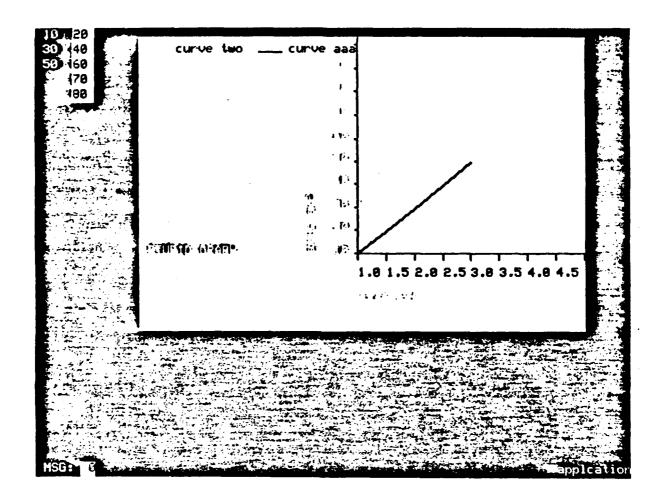


```
create form grftst12
      size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ v \ 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf11
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
      display as blue
create line graph grf11
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      legend at 2 2
      label display as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
      background blue
curve aaa
       'grftst12.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
       'grftst12.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      legend xy "curve two"
```

axis ax1
horizontal
display as x
at 15 30
size 30
label c "axis ax1"

axis ax2
at 15 30
size 15
label c "axis ax2"
vertical
display as x

Figure A-13 and corresponding GDL

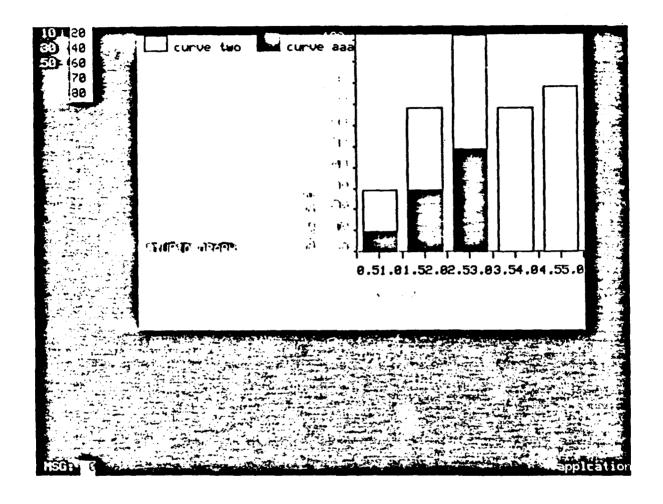


```
create form grftst13
     size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
     display as red
     at 1 2
     size 3
     domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
     display as yellow
     at 1 6
      size 3
     domain (numeric)
graph grf12
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
     display as blue
create line graph grf12
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \text{ axis ax1})
      attribute a fill (display cyan)
      attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      legend h at 2 2
      label display as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
     background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst13.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
      'grftst13.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      legend xy "curve two"
```

axis ax1
horizontal
display as x
at 15 30
size 30
label c "axis ax1"

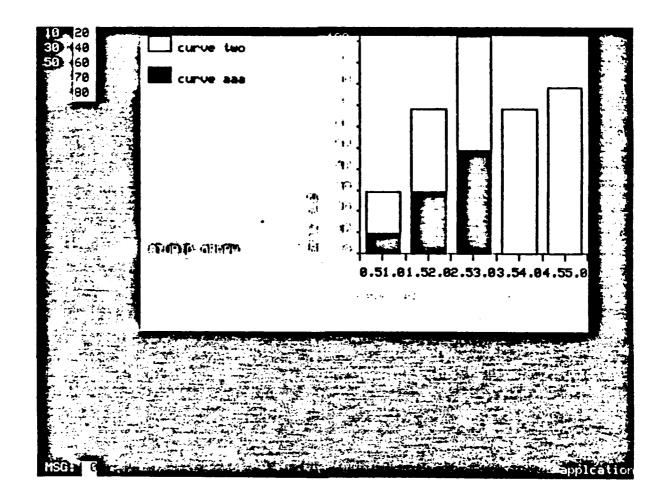
axis ax2
at 15 30
size 15
label c "axis ax2"
vertical
display as x

Figure A-14 and corresponding GDL



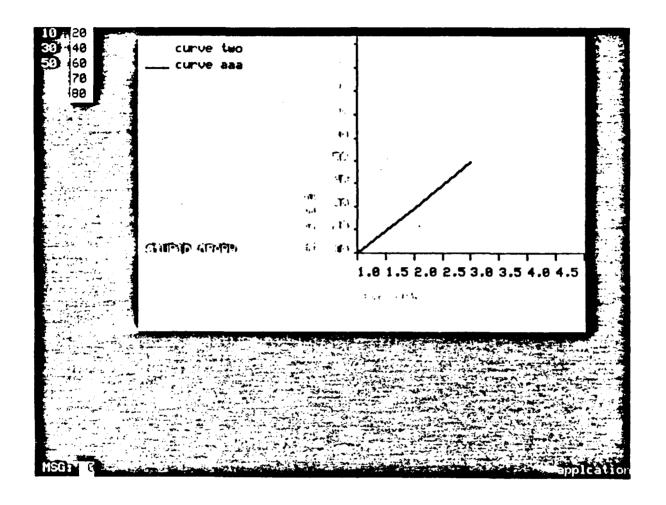
```
create form grftst14
      size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ V \ 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf13
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create bar graph grf13
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan)
      attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      legend h at 2 2
      label display as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst14.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
      'grftst14.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      legend xy "curve two"
```

Figure A-15 and corresponding GDL



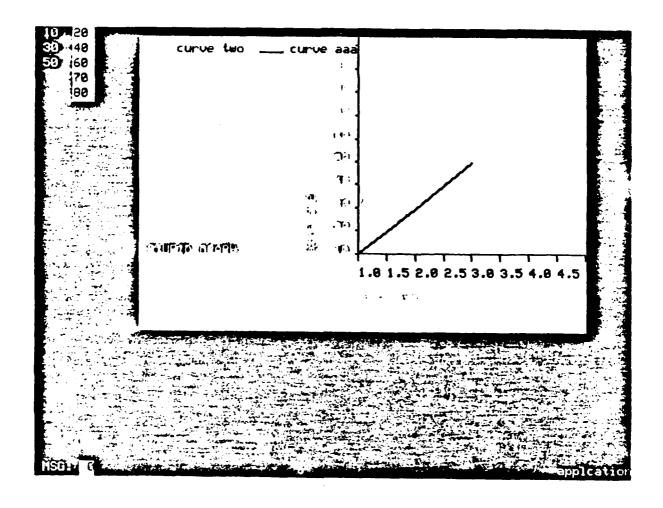
```
create form grftst15
      size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ v \ 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf14
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
      display as blue
create bar graph grf14
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white)
      attribute d line (display green)
      legend at 2 2
      label display as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst15.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
      'grftst15.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      legend xy "curve two"
```

Figure A-16 and corresponding GDL



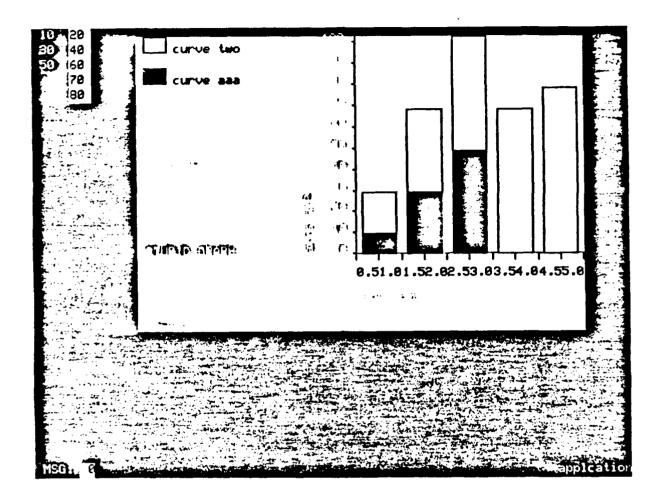
```
create form grftst16
      size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf15
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create line graph grf15
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis axl) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      legend at 2 2 box
      label display as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
      background blue
curve aaa
       'grftst16.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
      'grftst16.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
       legend xy "curve two"
```

Figure A-17 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst17
      size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ v \ 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf16
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
      display as blue
create line graph grf16
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan) attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      legend h at 2 2 box
      label display as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst17.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
      'grftst17.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      legend xy "curve two"
```

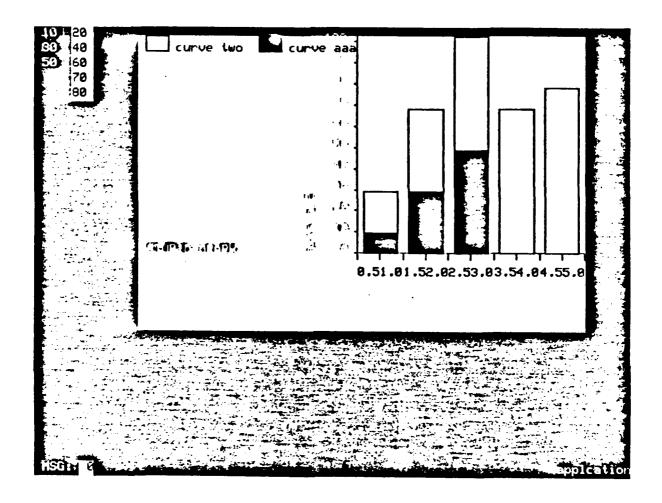
Figure A-18 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst18
      size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf17
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
      display as blue
create bar graph grf17
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis axl) attribute a fill (display cyan)
      attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      legend at 2 2 box
      label display as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst18.il' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
      'grftst18.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
```

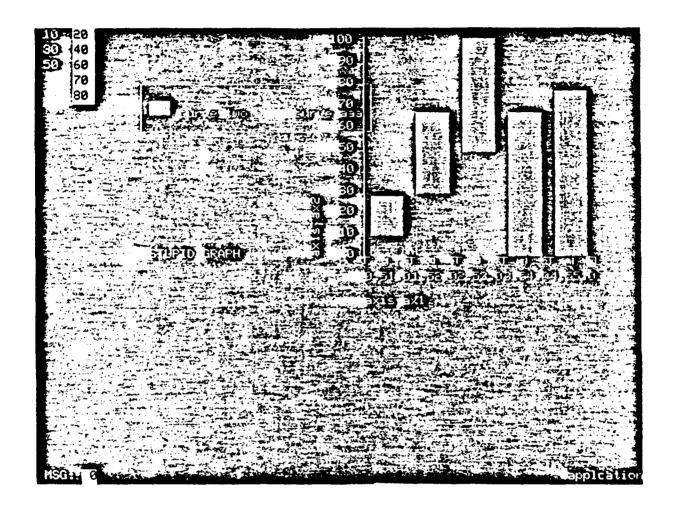
legend xy "curve two"

Figure A-19 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst19
      size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf18
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
      display as blue
create bar graph grf18
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis axl) attribute a fill (display cyan)
      attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green) legend h at 2 2 box
      label displa, as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst19.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
      'grftst19.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      legend xy "curve two"
```

Figure A-20 and corresponding GDL

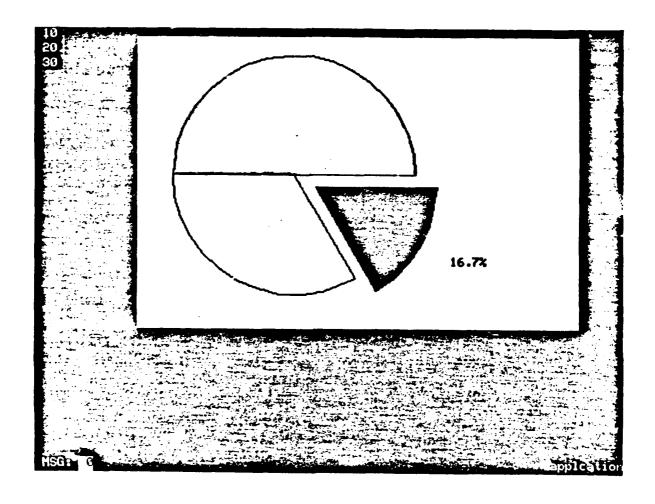


```
create form grftst20
     size 80 by 30
tem i1 (3 v 0)
     display as red
     at 1 2
     size 3
     domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
     display as yellow
     at 1 6
     size 3
     domain (numeric)
graph grf19
     at 1 15
     size 60 by 20
     display as blue
create bar graph grf19
     using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a fill (display cyan)
     attribute b line (display magenta)
     attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
     attribute c prompt (display white)
      attribute d line (display green)
      legend h at 6 2 box
      label display as c, at 15 2 "STUPID GRAPH"
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst20.il' using axis ax2
      absolute
      legend xy "curve aaa"
curve two
      'grftst20.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      legend xy "curve two"
```

axis ax1
horizontal
display as x
at 15 30
size 30
label c "axis ax1"
axis ax2

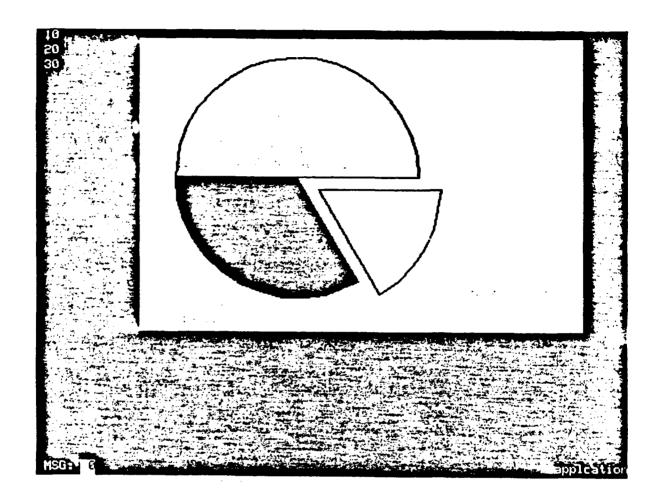
axis ax2
at 15 30
size 15
label c "axis ax2"
vertical
display as x

Figure A-21 and corresponding GDL



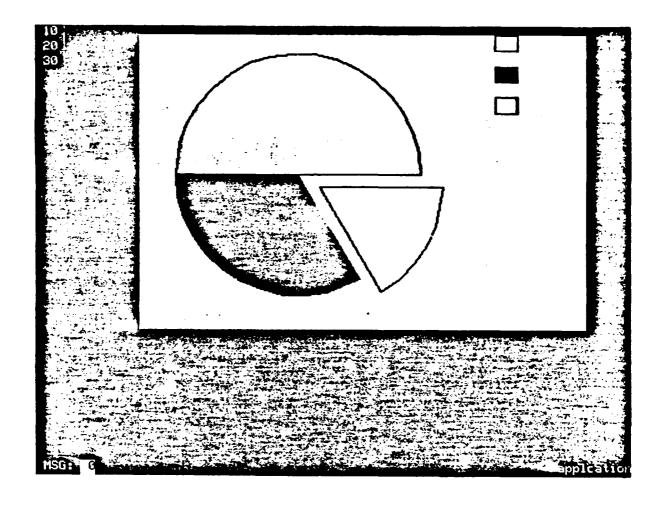
```
create form grftst21
     size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 \ V \ 0)
     display as red
     at 1 2
     size 3
     domain (numeric)
graph grf20
     at 1 15
     size 60 by 20
     display as blue
create pie graph grf20
     at 2 2
     size 40 by 16
     using ('grftst21.il')
     attribute c prompt (display magenta)
pie 1
     quantity c outside
     shade color yellow
pie 2
     percent c inside
     quantity c outside
     shade color white
pie 3
     shade color red
     explode 20
```

Figure A-22 and corresponding GDL



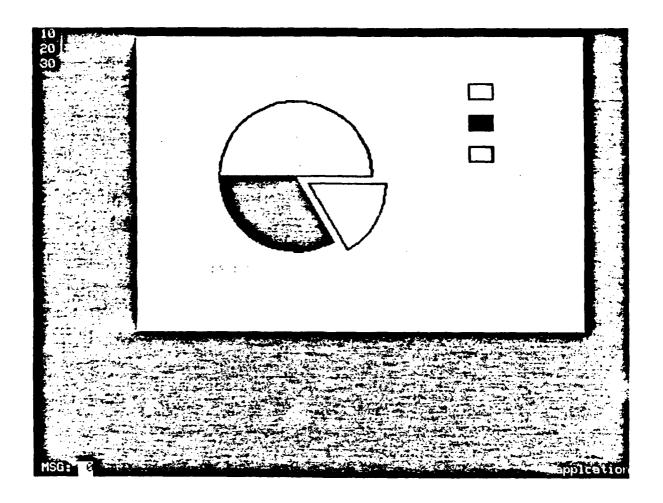
```
create form grftst22
     size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ v \ 0)
     display as red
     at 1 2
     size 3
     domain (numeric)
graph grf21
at 1 15
     size 60 by 20
     display as blue
create pie graph grf21
     at 2 2
     size 40 by 16
     using ('grftst22.il')
     attribute c prompt (display magenta)
pie 1
     quantity c outside
     shade color yellow
pie 2
     shade color red
pie 3
     percent c outside
     quantity c outside label c "this is a white pie slice"
     shade color white
     explode 20
```

Figure A-23 and corresponding GDL



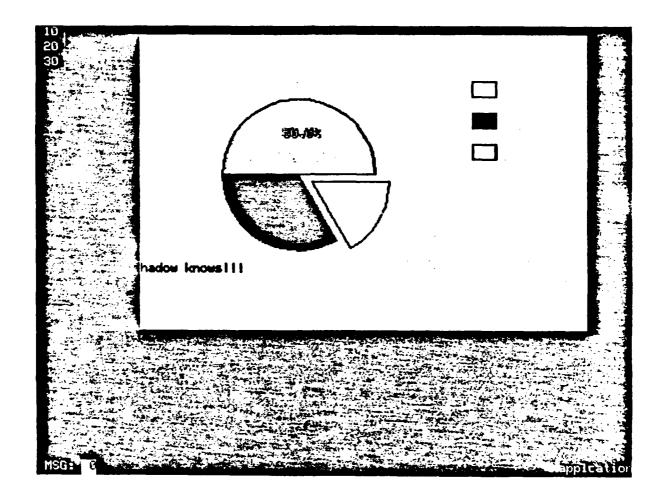
```
create form grftst23
     size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ v \ 0)
     display as red
     at 1 2
     size 3
     domain (numeric)
graph grf22
     at 1 15
     size 60 by 20
     display as blue
create pie graph grf22
at 2 2
     size 40 by 16
     using ('grftst23.i1')
     attribute c prompt (display magenta) legend at 2 48 box
pie 1
     quantity c outside
     shade color yellow
     legend c "segment 1"
pie 2
      shade color red
     legend c "segment 2"
pie 3
     percent c outside
     quantity c outside
     shade color white
     legend c "segment 3" explode 20
```

Figure A-24 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst24
     size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
     display as red
     at 1 2
     size 3
     domain (numeric)
graph grf23
     ať 1 15
     size 60 by 20
     display as blue
create pie graph grf23
at 5 2
     size 40 by 10
     using ('grftst24.i1')
     attributé c prompt (display magenta) legend at 5 45 box
pie 1
     quantity c outside
     shade color yellow
     legend c "segment 1"
pie 2
     shade color red
     legend c "segment 2"
pie 3
     percent c outside
     quantity c outside
     shade color white
     legend c "segment 3"
     explode 20
```

Figure A-25 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst25
     size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
     display as red
      at 1 2
     size 3
     domain (numeric)
graph grf24
      at 1 15
     size 60 by 20 display as blue
create pie graph grf24 at 5 2
      size 40 by 10
      using ('grftst25.i1')
      attribute a prompt (display red)
     attribute b prompt (display blue) attribute c prompt (display magenta) legend at 5 45 box
pie 1
      quantity c outside
      shade color yellow
      percent b inside
      legend c "segment 1"
pie 2
      shade color red
      label a "The Shadow knows!!!"
      legend c "segment 2"
pie 3
      percent c outside
      quantity c outside
      shade color white
      label c "Who knows what evil lurks"
      label c " in the hearts of men?"
      legend c "segment 3"
      explode 20
```

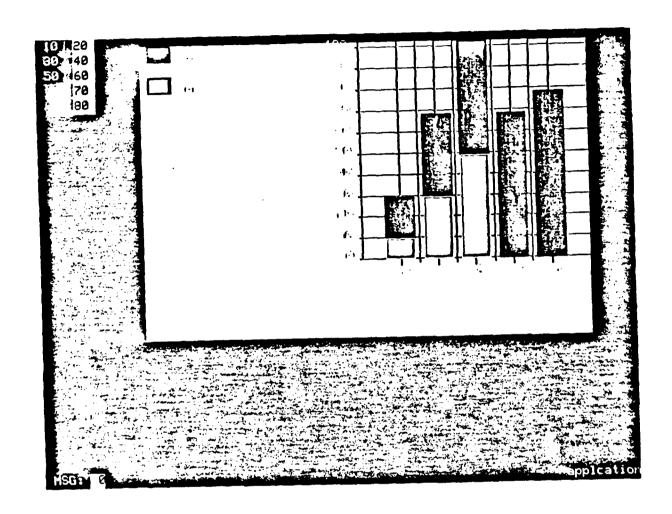
Figure A-26 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst26
      size 80 by 30
item i1 (3 v 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf25
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20 display as blue
create bar graph grf25
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis axl) attribute a fill (display cyan)
      attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst26.i1' using axis ax2
      absolute
curve two
      'grftst26.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
axis ax1
      horizontal
      display as x
      at 15 30
      size 30
```

axis ax2 at 15 30 size 15 vertical display as x

Figure A-27 and corresponding GDL



```
create form grftst27
      size 80 by 30
item il (3 \ V \ 0)
      display as red
      at 1 2
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
item i2 (5 v 0)
      display as yellow
      at 1 6
      size 3
      domain (numeric)
graph grf26
      at 1 15
      size 60 by 20
      display as blue
create bar graph grf26
      using (1, 2, 3, 4, 5 axis ax1) attribute a line (display cyan)
      attribute e line (display red)
      attribute b line (display magenta)
      attribute xy prompt (display yellow) attribute x line (display yellow)
      attribute c prompt (display white) attribute d line (display green)
      legend at 2 2
      background blue
curve aaa
      'grftst10.il' using axis ax2
      absolute
      shade color yellow
      display as a
curve two
      'grftst10.i2'
      additive using curve aaa
      shade color green
      display as e
```

```
axis ax1
horizontal
display as x
at 15 30
tick 5 1 c "A" "B" "C"
size 30
fine grid

axis ax2
at 15 30
size 15
vertical
display as x
grid
maximum 110
```

## APPENDIX B

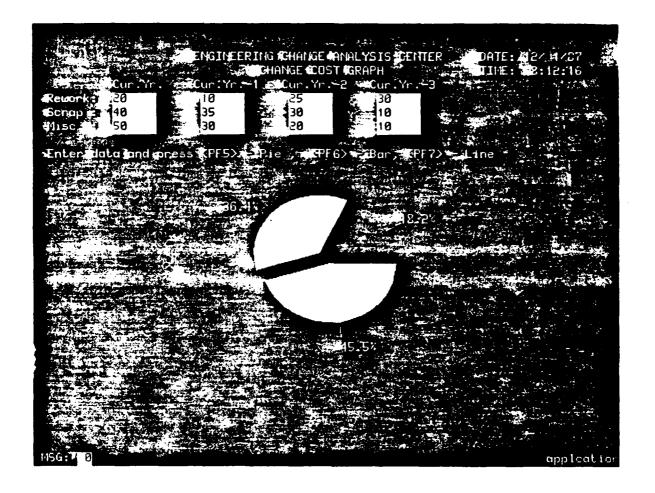
# SCREENS AND GDL FOR GRAFDE

This appendix contains all the screens for the second test of the Graph Definition Language. The corresponding GDL follows the screens. Also included is the ADL that defines the interactive portion of the application.

```
on ( pick ( line2 ))
    present graffrm6 in 'grafwin'
on ( pick ( exitkey ))
    exit
    }
create form masterfrm
keypad (exitkey = 4 pie1 = 5 bar1 = 6 line1 = 7 pie2 = 9 bar2 = 10 line2 = 11)
     size 79 by 23
     prompt at 1 23
           "ENGINEERING CHANGE ANALYSIS CENTER"
     prompt at 2 32
           "CHANGE COST GRAPH"
     attribute BLAKGARD (background black, display yellow,
guarded, nowrite)
ITEM todat
     at 1 68
     size 8
     prompt at 1 62 "DATE:"
     value '. date'
     display as BLAKGARD
ITEM curtime
     at 2 68
     size 8
     prompt at 2 62 "TIME:"
     value '._time'
     display as BLAKGARD
form userdat
     at 3 2
     size 78 by 6
window grafwin
     at 9 2
     size 78 by 15
     display as XPARNT
```

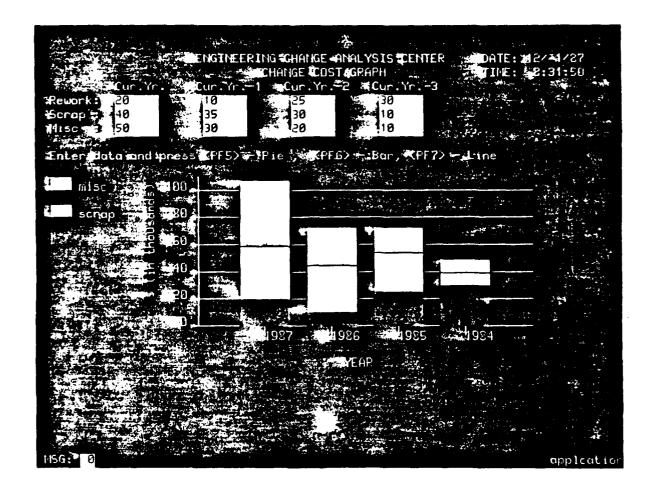
```
create form userdat
     size 78 by 6 prompt at 1 11
     "Cur.Yr.
prompt at 2 2
                       Cur.Yr.-1 Cur.Yr.-2 Cur.Yr.-3"
           "Rework:"
     prompt at 3 2
           "Scrap :"
     prompt at 4 2
           "Misc :"
     prompt at 6 2
           "Enter data and press <PF5> - Pie , <PF6> - Bar,
<PF7> - Line"
form datafrm (4 h 5)
     at 2 10
     size 7 by 3
create form datafrm
     size 7 by 3
item rework
     at 1 2
     size 6
     display as INPUT
     domain ( numeric )
item scrap
     at 2 2
     size 6
     display as INPUT
     domain ( numeric )
item misc
     at 3 2
     size 6
     display as INPUT
domain ( numeric )
```

Figure B-1 and corresponding GDL



```
create form graffrml
       size 79 by 15
graph piegraf
       at 1 1
       size 79 by 15
display as XPARNT
create pie graph piegraf at 3 15
       size 50 by 9
       using
('datafrm(1).rework', 'datafrm(1).scrap', 'datafrm(1).misc')
    attribute bluetext prompt (display blue)
    attribute whittext prompt (display white)
pie 1
       shade color red
       percent whittext outside
pie 2
       shade color white
       explode 20
       percent whittext outside
pie 3
       shade color blue
       percent whittext outside
```

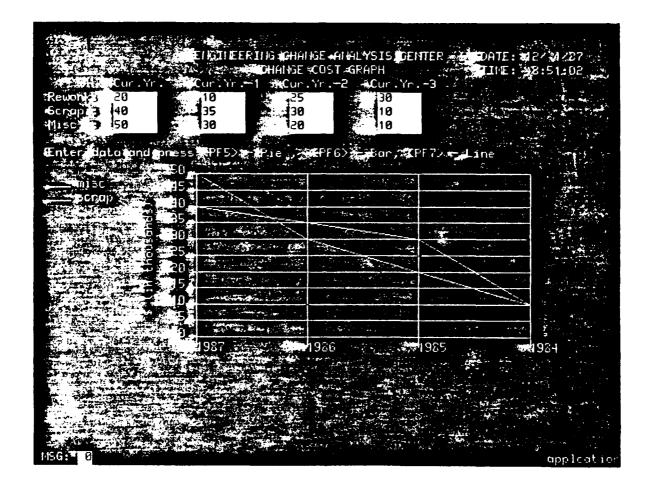
Figure B-2 and corresponding GDL



create form graffrm2 size 79 by 15 graph bargraf at 1 1 size 79 by 15 display as XPARNT create bar graph bargraf using (1,2,3,4 AXIS AXI) attribute whitline line (display white) attribute redtext prompt (display red) attribute bluetext prompt (display blue) attribute whittext prompt (display white) legend at 2 2 curve rework 'datafrm(\*).rework' using axis ax2
legend redtext "rework" shade color red absolute curve scrap 'datafrm(\*).scrap' using axis ax2 legend whittext "scrap" shade color white additive using curve rework curve misc 'datafrm(\*).misc' using axis ax2 legend bluetext "misc" shade color blue additive using curve scrap axis ax1 horizontal size 45 display as whitline at 12 22 label whittext " tick 4 whittext "1987" "1986" "1985" "1984"

```
axis ax2
  vertical
  size 12
  display as whitline
  at 12 22
  min 0
  label whittext " $ (in thousands)"
  grid
```

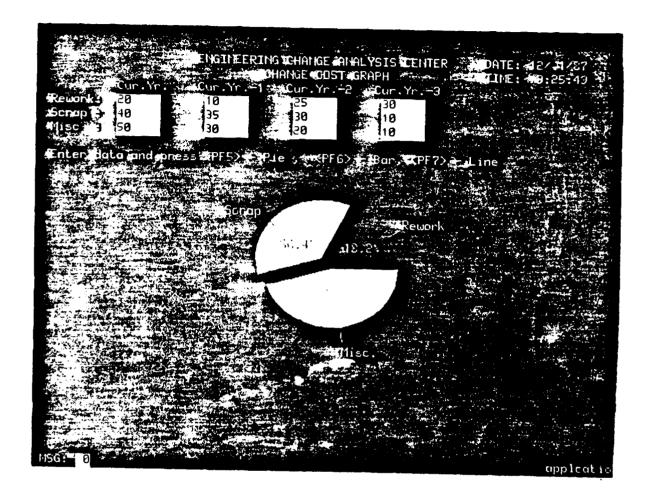
Figure B-3 and corresponding GDL



```
create form graffrm3
      size 79 by 15
graph linegraf
      at 1 1
      size 79 by 15 display as XPARNT
create line graph linegraf
      using (1,2,3,4 AXIS AX1)
      attribute redline line (display red)
attribute whitline line (display white)
attribute blueline line (display blue)
      attribute redtext prompt (display red) attribute whittext prompt (display white)
      attribute bluetext prompt (display blue)
      attribute cyanline line (display cyan)
      legend at 2 2
curve rework
      'datafrm(*).rework' using axis ax2
      legend redtext "rework"
      display as redline
      absolute
curve scrap
      'datafrm(*).scrap' using axis ax2
      legend whittext "scrap"
      display as whitline
      absolute
curve misc
      'datafrm(*).misc' using axis ax2
      legend bluetext "misc"
      display as blueline
      absolute
axis ax1
      horizontal
      display as cyanline at 13 22
      size 45
      label whittext "
                                                  YEAR"
      tick 4 whittext "1987" "1986" "1985" "1984"
      grid
```

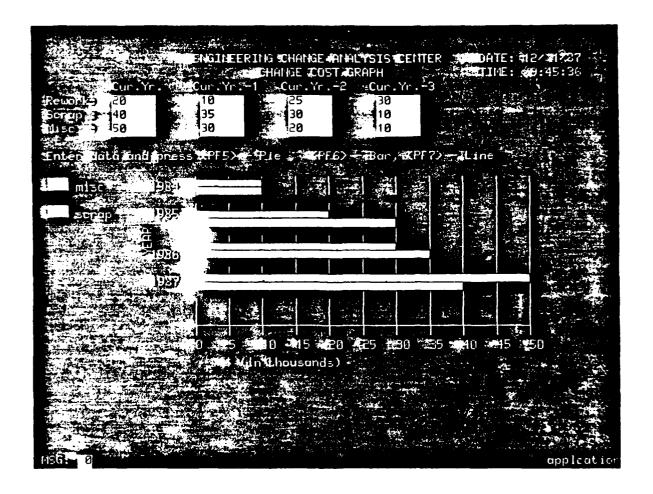
```
axis ax2
    vertical
    display as cyanline
    at 13 22
    min 0
    size 12
    label whittext " $ (in thousands)"
    grid
```

Figure B-4 and corresponding GDL



```
create form graffrm4
      size 79 by 15
graph piegraf2
      at 1 1
      size 79 by 15
      display as XPARNT
create pie graph piegraf2
      at 3 15
      size 50 by 9
      using
('datafrm(1).rework', 'datafrm(1).scrap', 'datafrm(1).misc')
      attribute bluetext prompt (display blue) attribute whittext prompt (display white)
pie 1
      shade color red
      percent whittext inside label whittext "Rework"
pie 2
      shade color white
      explode 20
      percent bluetext inside
      label whittext "Scrap"
pie 3
      shade color blue
      percent whittext inside
      label whittext "Misc."
```

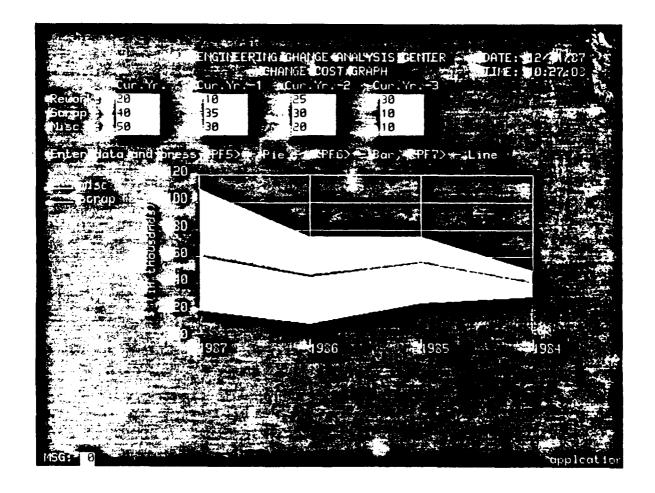
Figure B-5 and corresponding GDL



```
create form graffrm5
     size 79 by 15
graph bargraf2
     at 1 1
     size 79 by 15
     display as XPARNT
create bar graph bargraf2
     using (1,2,3,4 AXIS AXI)
     attribute whitline line (display white)
     attribute redtext prompt (display red) attribute bluetext prompt (display blue)
     attribute whittext prompt (display white)
     legend at 2 2
curve rework
     'datafrm(*).rework' using axis ax2
     legend redtext "rework"
     shade color red
     absolute
curve scrap
     'datafrm(*).scrap' using axis ax2
     legend whittext "scrap"
     shade color white
     absolute
curve misc
     'datafrm(*).misc' using axis ax2
     legend bluetext "misc"
     shade color blue
     absolute
axis ax1
     vertical
     size 12
     display as whitline
     at 12 22
     label whittext "
                                 YEAR"
     tick 4 whittext "1987" "1986" "1985" "1984"
```

```
axis ax2
horizontal
size 45
display as whitline
at 12 22
min 0
label whittext " $ (in thousands)"
grid
```

Figure B-6 and corresponding GDL



```
create form graffrm6
      size 79 by 15
graph linegraf2
      at 1 1
      size 79 by 15
      display as XPARNT
create line graph linegraf2
      using (1,2,3,4 AXIS AX1)
      attribute redline line (display red)
      attribute whitline line (display white)
      attribute blueline line (display blue)
     attribute redtext prompt (display red)
attribute whittext prompt (display white)
attribute bluetext prompt (display blue)
attribute cyanline line (display cyan)
      legend at 2 2
curve rework
      'datafrm(*).rework' using axis ax2 legend redtext "rework"
      display as redline
      absolute
      shade color red
curve scrap
      'datafrm(*).scrap' using axis ax2
      legend whittext "scrap"
      display as whitline
      additive using curve rework
      shade color white
curve misc
      'datafrm(*).misc' using axis ax2
      legend bluetext "misc"
      display as blueline
      additive using curve scrap
      shade color blue
axis ax1
      horizontal
      display as cyanline
      at 13 22
      size 45
      label whittext "
      tick 4 whittext "1987" "1986" "1985" "1984"
      grid
```

```
axis ax2
  vertical
  display as cyanline
  at 13 22
  min 0
  size 12
  label whittext " $ (in thousands)"
  grid
```

## APPENDIX C

#### PRE-TEST PROCEDURES

This appendix describes the procedures for compiling and linking the test programs and for compiling the form definitions prior to running the tests.

For the first test, it is necessary to compile and link the test program. The following steps should be executed once the user has moved to the directory which contains the source code, grftst.c.

- \$ CC GRFTST
- \$ DEFNTM
- \$ @LGRFTST

Once the link has finished, the form definition file GRFTEST.FDL must be compiled. The following commands should be issued.

### \$ FLAN GRFTEST

The warnings may be ignored. All the necessary FD files will have been created and put in the location defined by IISSFLIB. NOTE that these steps may have been performed as part of the Configuration Management build process for the release.

For the second test, it is necessary to run the application generator. This may be performed in the IISS environment. Once an NTM is running, the IISS Login Screen (Figure 5-1) and Function Screen (Figure 5-2) may be brought up as described in Section 5. On the IISS Function Screen, enter APPGENER in the FUNCTION field. The following screen will appear when the <ENTER> key is pressed:

	UINS Application/Report Writer Generator	
	File Name:	
	Database/Password:	·
	•	
MSG: 0	ерр	lcation

Figure C-1 RAP Input Screen

Enter GRFDEMO onto the screen where the ADL file name is requested. Once the RAP has generated the FD files and the application, an application terminated message is displayed. Press the <QUIT> key to return to the IISS Function Screen. Press the <QUIT> key again to return to the system prompt.

Once the VAX system prompt is obtained, the program needs to be compiled and linked using the following commands:

- \$ CC GRAFDE
  \$ @cmdir:[ui]LNKAPC GRAFDE nomap GRAFDE

Before the test programs can be run, they must be defined in the UI database using SYSGEN. This is done as follows:

#### \$ VT100

Fill in the fields on the IISS Logon Screen as follows:

Username: MORENC Password: STANLEY Role : MANAGER

Press <ENTER>

Fill in the FUNCTION field on the IISS Function Screen as follows:

FUNCTION: SYSGEN
Press <ENTER>

The SYSGEN main menu screen will be displayed

be dispidyed

In the input field enter "GRAFDE".

Press <PF7> Enter the following information:

Description: Business Graphs Interactive Test Program

Name: SDGRAFDEZZ

Press <ENTr .

Press <PF7>

When the input field appears under Authorized Roles, enter

Press <ENTER> Application acknowledges entry.

Press <QUIT> Displays the SYSGEN main menu.

Press <PF7> In the input field enter "GRFTST".

Press <PF> Enter the following information:

Description: Business Graphs Test Program

Name: SDGRFTSTZZ Press <ENTER>

When the input field appears under Authorized Roles, enter "\*"

Press <ENTER> Application acknowledges entry.

Displays the SYSGEN main menu. Press <QUIT>

Displays the IISS Function Screen. Press <QUIT>

Press <QUIT> Returns to the system prompt.

The test program  $\mbox{GRAFDE}$  and  $\mbox{GRFTST}$  are now defined to IISS and the unit test may be performed.